April 2013 Winthrop Poll

RESULTS OF LATEST WINTHROP POLL ARE IN

APPROVAL RATINGS FOR CONGRESS CONTINUE TO FALL; CLOSE TO SINGLE DIGITS AMONG REGISTERED S.C. VOTERS

S.C. GOV. HALEY'S APPROVAL NUMBERS FOR JOB PERFORMANCE CLIMB SINCE DECEMBER WINTHROP POLL

PRES. OBAMA'S APPROVAL RATINGS BY SC RESIDENTS DROP, MORE DISAPPROVE THAN APPROVE

MORE THAN HALF FEEL FOOD STAMP RECIPIENTS SHOULD BE FORBIDDEN FROM BUYING CERTAIN UNHEALTHY ITEMS

TEA PARTY MOVEMENT LOST ITS MOMENTUM

SEN LINDSEY GRAHAM'S APPROVAL DIPS SLIGHTLY AS TALK OF PRIMARY CHALLENGERS HEATS UP

MORE THAN HALF THINK THAT ECONOMIC CONDITIONS IN SC ARE GETTING BETTER AND ALMOST HALF THINK CONDITIONS GETTING BETTER ACROSS THE COUNTRY

ROCK HILL, S.C. - The April 2013 Winthrop Poll interviewed 1069 adults living in South Carolina. The survey was in the field from 4/6-4/14, 2013.

After weights (for sex, age, and race) have been applied, results which use all respondents have a **margin of error of approximately +/- 3%** at the 95% confidence level. Results that use less than the full sample will naturally have a higher margin of error. For results using only Registered voters, n=832, **margin of error of approximately +/- 3.5%** at the 95% confidence level. For additional information on methodology, see methodology page.

Among the Winthrop Poll findings:

- Approval ratings for most politicians dropped in April from the February Winthrop Poll, with the exception of S.C. Gov. Nikki Haley. Since the last Winthrop Poll, the sequestration, or budget cuts to federal spending which began on March 1, have taken place to instill austerity in the nation's fiscal policy. More than five months after Barack Obama won a second term as president, 43.4 percent of all South Carolinians polled approve of the job he is doing, compared to 46.5 percent who disapprove.
- Only 14.9 percent of all respondents and only 11.1 percent of registered SC voters approve of the way Congress is doing its job. Regarding the S.C. General Assembly, 37.9 percent of SC residents approved and 35.8% disapproved.
- S.C. Gov. Nikki Haley picked up more support among Republicans and those leaning to the GOP from the February poll. That number ticked up from 66.8 percent to 69 percent. For all SC residents, the number climbed 1 percent to 43.5 percent.

- U.S. Sen. Lindsey Graham, who is up for re-election in 2014, received a 44% approval rating among S.C. registered voters but his approval rating has dropped from 71.6% to 57.5% among Republicans and those independents who lean toward the GOP compared to the February poll. This drop corresponds to the entry of two vocal challengers, and discussion of a third, into the primary race against him. Meanwhile, S.C.'s newest senator, the newly appointed Tim Scott, a congressman from Charleston, S.C., has a 39.7% approval rating among registered voters; this is more than 18 points higher than the percent who disapprove of his performance. Nearly 40 percent still aren't sure about his handling of his new job.
- Half of Republicans and leaning GOP respondents reported that they feel strongly that food stamp recipients should be forbidden from buying unhealthy food items, while only 1/3 of Democrats feel the same way.
- Tea Party membership continues lose its momentum. Only ¼ of respondents approve of the Tea Party movement. Overall, only about 3.7% of all registered voters consider themselves members of the movement, which is half of what was reported just a few months ago.
- Fewer respondents think country is on the right track (29%) compared with those who say it is headed in the wrong direction (60.3%). And 34.8% said the economic conditions for the country are fairly bad, while another third said conditions are fairly good.
- As for the economy of South Carolina, about half of respondents said the economy is fairly good and 56.7% said they are getting better. Half said their own financial situation was either excellent or good, and more than half said it was improving.
- The most important problems facing the U.S. respondents said are, in order: the economy, jobs or employment, budget deficit or debt and politicians/government. The most important problem facing the Palmetto State are: jobs or unemployment, education, economy/economic-financial crisis and politicians/government.

Note: Topline (may not sum to 100% due to rounding) Weighted Demographics

T.1

	Census*	April 2013 Winthrop Poll – All Respondents
Sex		
Male	47.94	47.6
Female	52.06	52.4
Race		
Caucasian	68.57	68.6
African American	26.5	25.7
Other	4.93	3.9
Refused		1.8
Age		
18-19	4.06	4.0
20-29	17.97	17.6
30-39	16.49	16.1

40-49	17.98	17.7
50-59	17.77	17.5
60-69	13.99	13.8
70-79	7.52	7.4
80-89	3.6	3.5
90-99	.62	.6
99 & over	.018	.0
Refused		1.9

^{*}Census percentages are ONLY for those S.C. residents age 18 and over.

T.2

	Registered Voters – SC Election Commission (accessed 4/15/13)	April 2013 Winthrop Poll – Registered Voters
Sex		
Male	45.02	44.9
Female	54.98	55.1
Race		
White	68.8	67.1
Non-white	31.2	31.6
Refused		1.3
Age		
18-24	4.51	4.7
25-44	38.26	38.2
45-65	35.84	35.2
65+	21.38	20.1
Refused		1.8

Questions: (may not sum to 100% due to rounding)

T.3 Do you approve or disapprove of the way **Barack Obama** is handling his job as President of the United States?

	All	Gallup National Poll as of 4/14/13	ABC News/ Wash Post National Poll as of 4/14/13	Registered Voters in SC
Approve	43.5	48	50	46.5
Disapprove	46.5	46	45	45.5
Not Sure	8.6	not reported	5	6.7
Refused	1.3	not reported		1.2

*NOTE: it is not an 'apples' to 'apples' comparison to compare a sitting president's approval ratings to those of any statewide official. A simple look at how many more people have no opinion on state level officials as compared to the president should make it obvious that these types of comparisons are not entirely valid.

T.4 Do you approve or disapprove of the way Congress is handling its job?

	All	Gallup National Poll as of 4/7/13	Registered Voters in SC
Approve	14.6	15	11.1
Disapprove	75.3	79	80.9
Not Sure	9.8		7.8
Refused	0.3		0.2

T.5 Do you approve or disapprove of the way **Nikki Haley** is handling her job as Governor of South Carolina?

	All	All – Excluding Not Sure and Refused		Registered Voters in SC – Excluding Not Sure and Refused	Leaning Ind
Approve	43.5	54.3	44.8	53.3	69.0
Disapprove	36.6	45.7	39.3	46.7	15.4
Not Sure	18.6		15.0		14.5
Refused	1.3		0.8		1.0

^{*}NOTE: We do not register by political party in South Carolina. Therefore, partisanship is self-reported.

T.6 Do you approve or disapprove of the way the South Carolina State Legislature is handling its job?

	All	Registered Voters in SC
Approve	37.9	37.2
Disapprove	35.8	39.2
Not Sure	24.5	21.8
Refused	1.8	1.8

T.7 Do you approve or disapprove of the way **Lindsey Graham** is handling its job as a United States Senator for South Carolina?

	All		Voters in SC	Voters in SC	Leaning Ind
Approve	44.8	55.7	43.9	52.5	57.5
Disapprove	35.6	44.3	39.8	47.5	30.5
Not Sure	18.5		15.4		11.1
Refused	1.1		1.0		0.9

^{*}NOTE: We do not register by political party in South Carolina. Therefore, partisanship is self-reported.

T.8 Do you approve or disapprove of the way **Tim Scott** is handling his job as a United States Senator for South Carolina?

	All	All – Excluding Not Sure and Refused	Registered Voters in SC	Registered Voters in SC – Excluding Not Sure and Refused	Republicans & GOP Leaning Ind who are Reg. Voters
Approve	37.7	65.3	39.7	65.3	54.1
Disapprove	20.0	34.7	21.1	34.7	11.1
Not Sure	39.9		37.1		31.8
Refused	2.5		2.1		2.9

^{*}NOTE: We do not register by political party in South Carolina. Therefore, partisanship is self-reported.

T.9 Thinking about the current path that <u>our nation</u> is taking, do you think <u>our country</u> is on the right track or headed in the wrong direction?

	All
Right Track	29.0
Wrong Direction	60.3
Don't Know/ Refused to Answer	10.7

T.10 Thinking about the current path that <u>state of South Carolina</u> is taking, do you think <u>state of South Carolina</u> is on the right track or headed in the wrong direction?

	All
Right Track	45.0
Wrong Direction	40.3
Don't Know/ Refused to Answer	14.8

T.11 What do you think is the most important problem facing the United States of America today?

(Top four responses listed. Response options are not read to respondents. Interviewers code responses into one of 30 answer options)

	All
Economy/Economic- financial crisis	20.1
Jobs or unemployment	15.1
Budget deficit or debt	13.9
Politicians/government	8.5

T.12 What do you think is the most important problem facing the State of South Carolina today?

(Top four responses listed. Response options are not read to respondents. Interviewers code responses into one of 30 answer options)

	All
Jobs or unemployment	24.8
Education	15.0
Economy/Economic- financial crisis	12.8
Politicians/government	5.4

T.13 How would you rate the condition of the <u>national</u> economy these days? Is it very good, fairly good, fairly bad or very bad?

	All
Very Good	1.6
Fairly Good	33.7
Fairly Bad	34.8
Very Bad	28.1
Not Sure	1.7
Refused	0.1

T.14 Right now, do you think that economic conditions in the <u>country as a whole</u> are getting better or getting worse?

	All
Getting Better	45.4
Getting Worse	43.9
Not Sure	10.3
Refused	0.3

T.15 How would you rate the condition of the economy of <u>South Carolina</u> these days? Is it very good, fairly good, fairly bad, or very bad?

	All
Very Good	3.5
Fairly Good	50.1
Fairly Bad	32.5
Very Bad	10.6
Not Sure	2.9
Refused	0.4

T.16 Right now, do you think that economic conditions in the <u>South Carolina</u> are getting better or getting worse?

	All
Getting Better	56.7
Getting Worse	28.5
Not Sure	14.2
Refused	0.6

T.17 How would you rate your financial situation today? As excellent, good, only fair, or poor?

	All
Excellent	7.7
Good	44.6
Only Fair	33.1
Poor	12.5
Not Sure	1.0
Refused	1.1

T.18 Right now, do you think that your financial situation as a whole is getting better or getting worse?

	All
Getting Better	53.6
Getting Worse	29.8
Not Sure	15.0
Refused	1.7

T.19 Some people in South Carolina have suggested adding certain limits to the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program, which is more commonly known as the <u>Food Stamps</u> program. If added, these restrictions would forbid people who receive food stamps from using them to purchase certain unhealthy foods. While a final list has not been proposed, some of the prohibited items might include soft drinks and candy.

Do you feel food stamp recipients should or should not be forbidden from buying certain unhealthy items?

Do you feel that way "strongly" or "Somewhat?"

	All	Registered Voters in SC	Republicans & GOP Leaning Ind who are Reg. Voters	Democrats & Dem Leaning Ind who are Reg. Voters
Strongly - SHOULD be forbidden	41.8	41.6	49.7	33.2
Somewhat - SHOULD be forbidden	17.7	17.6	20.3	16.8
Somewhat - should NOT be forbidden	9.8	9.1	5.3	12.1
Strongly - should NOT be forbidden	27.1	27.9	21.7	33.4
Don't Know/Not sure	3.3	3.6	2.8	4.3
Refused	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2

T.20 In general, would you say you approve or disapprove of the <u>Tea Party movement</u> or are you not familiar enough with the Tea Party movement to have an opinion?

	All	Registered Voters in SC	Republicans & GOP Leaning Ind who are Reg. Voters
Approve	26.2	27.6	52.8
Disapprove	30.4	34.4	17.2
Not Familiar/No opinion	37.6	32.7	23.6
Not sure	4.7	4.5	5.8
Refused	1.1	0.9	0.6

*NOTE: We do not register by political party in South Carolina. Therefore, partisanship is self-reported.

T.21 Would you consider yourself a MEMBER of the Tea Party Movement?

	All	Registered Voters in SC	Republicans & GOP Leaning Ind who are Reg. Voters
Yes	3.7	4.1	7.6
No	90.9	91.1	89.1
Not sure	4.5	4.0	3.1
Refused	0.9	0.7	0.2

*NOTE: We do not register by political party in South Carolina. Therefore, partisanship is self-reported.

T.22 In the debate over immigration reform, some proposals include a "<u>path to citizenship</u>" for undocumented persons who are in the country illegally. This path to citizenship would require these individuals to go to the back of the line to apply for citizenship, require English proficiency exams, ensure immigrants are paying taxes and impose a fine for those who are here illegally. Would you support or oppose a "path to citizenship" as part of larger immigration reform?

Do you feel that way Strongly or Somewhat

	All	Registered	Republicans &	Democrats &
		Voters in SC	GOP Leaning	Dem Leaning
			Ind who are	Ind who are
			Reg. Voters	Reg. Voters
Strongly support	49.9	51.5	54.8	48.7
Somewhat support	23.0	23.3	21.8	25.3
Neither support nor				
oppose	3.8	3.0	1.9	3.6
[volunteered]				
Somewhat oppose	5.2	5.0	5.4	5.2
Strongly oppose	9.8	10.3	11.5	8.9
Don't Know/Not	6.6	5.7	3.3	7.8
sure	0.0	3.7	3.3	7.0
Refused	1.7	1.2	1.2	0.5

*NOTE: The specifics of this plan come from <u>Sen. Lindsey Graham's plan</u> as reported in *The State* newspaper: "South Carolina becomes Republican's immigration reform 'test market'" published March 27, 2013

*NOTE: We do not register by political party in South Carolina. Therefore, partisanship is self-reported.

T.23 I'd like to ask you about Medicaid expansion in South Carolina

[The following two statements were rotated]

Some who support Medicaid expansion argue that it would help many low income individuals get health insurance and bring in as much as 11 billion dollars in federal money to South Carolina by the year 2020

Some who oppose Medicaid expansion argue that it is an inappropriate expansion of the power of the national government and, even if it brought in federal money, it would still cost the state as much as 1.9 billion dollars by the year 2020.

What is your opinion? In general, would you say you support or oppose Medicaid expansion?

	All	•	Republicans & GOP Leaning Ind who are Reg. Voters	Democrats & Dem Leaning Ind who are Reg. Voters
Support expansion	50.8	50.6	23.0	77.0
Oppose expansion	35.9	37.7	65.5	10.5
Don't Know/Not sure	11.3	9.7	8.9	11.1
Refused	2.0	2.0	2.5	1.4

*NOTE: Dollar amounts used in the pro and con arguments in this question come from reports in The State newspaper; see: "Exclusive: SC Democrats push 3-year test of Medicaid expansion" published March 9, 2013 and "Healthcare advocates debate SC's role in Medicaid expansion" published March 28, 2013

*NOTE: We do not register by political party in South Carolina. Therefore, partisanship is self-reported.

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Methodology Statement

Survey Methodology

April 2013 Winthrop Poll

The April 2013 Winthrop Poll interviewed 1069 adults living in South Carolina. After weights (for sex, age, and race) have been applied, results which use all respondents have a **margin of error of approximately +/- 3%** at the 95% confidence level. Results that use less than the full sample will naturally have a higher margin of error. For results using only Registered voters, n=832, **margin of error of approximately +/- 3.5%** at the 95% confidence level.

The survey was in the field from 4/6-4/14, 2013. Phone calls were made during weekday evenings, all day Saturday, and Sunday afternoon and evening. Weekday daytime calls are generally not made to avoid oversampling those who are more likely to be at home during the day (e.g. retirees, stay-at-homemoms, etc.). Conducting weekend calls is important to avoid systematically excluding certain populations (such as those who may work 2nd or 3rd shift during the week).

The survey used (1) Random Digit Dialing (RDD) and (2) wireless phone number sampling. Both RDD and wireless samples are crucial to ensure no adult in the geographical area of interest issystematically excluded from the sample. Both the RDD sample and the wireless sample were purchased from Survey Sampling International (SSI). A further explanation of RDD methodology, with descriptions taken from SSI's website, may be found below.

Phone numbers selected for the survey were re-dialed five or more times in an attempt to reach a respondent. Once a household was reached, we also employed procedures to <u>randomize within</u> households for RDD sample.

Additionally, we:

- 1. <u>Screen</u> the wireless sample for **wireless-only** status since individuals who have a cell phone and a land line already have an established probability of appearing in the RDD.
- 2. Weight responses based on **sex**, **age**, and **race** according to the known population of residents of SC age 18 and older.
- 3. Weight Responses for the subset of registered voters based on **sex**, **age**, and **race** according to the known population of those registered to vote in South Carolina

Computerized autodialers were not used in order to ensure the survey of wireless phones complied with the Telephone Consumers Protection Act and all FCC rules regarding contacting wireless telephones.

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Additional Explanation of RDD Methodology: (with descriptions taken from SSI website)

Samples are generated using a database of "working blocks." A block (also known as a 100-bank or a bank) is a set of 100 contiguous numbers identified by the first two digits of the last four digits of a

telephone number. For example, in the telephone number 203-567-7200, "72" is the block. A block is termed to be working if some specified number of listed telephone numbers are found in that block.

Samples of random numbers distributed across all eligible blocks in proportion to their density of listed telephone households are selected. All blocks within a county are organized in ascending order by area code, exchange, and block number. Once the quota has been allocated to all counties in the frame, a sampling interval is calculated by summing the number of listed residential numbers in eligible blocks within the county and dividing that sum by the number of sampling points assigned to the county. From a random start between zero and the sampling interval, blocks are systematically selected in proportion to their density of listed households. Once a block has been selected, a two-digit number is systematically selected in the range 00-99 and is appended to the exchange and block to form a 10-digit telephone number.